Eschatological Teaching of the Epistles (2)

II. 1 Thessalonians

III. Galatians. c. ad 49 (prior to Jerusalem Council)

Gal 5.21

Since the Kingdom is an inheritance, this aspect of the Kingdom must still be future

3. The following passage (Gal. 5.22-24) outlines the present evidence that a man has citizenship in the Kingdom (fruit of the Spirit)

IV. 2 Thessalonians c. ad 51 2nd epistle written very soon after the first epistle

Apparently written to answer a forged letter which taught heresy

A. 2 Thess 1.4-10

1. Context: believers suffering persecution (4)

God in counting them worthy of His Kingdom (5) 3. It is righteous for God to repay trouble to those who are troubling saints, and to repay rest to those who are being troubled (5-6)

glory when the Lord Jesus will return with mighty angels to take vengeance on those who do obey not the Gospel (7-8) 5. The penalty for the disobedient is everlasting destruction (9)

a. Destruction not annihilation b. Sophocles: Oedipus at Colonus, Line 393, "the gods now sustain whom they once destroyed" (same word)

2. Divine paradox: Present suffering shows the righteous judgment of

4. God's judgement of these things will take place at the Revelation in

6. God's purpose in coming is to be glorified in His saints, and to be

1. Sinners of do not inherit the Kingdom of God

marveled at in all the ones who have believed (10)

B. 2 Thess 2:1-12

1. Evidently the forged letter taught that the Day of the Lord had come a. Nothing needs to happen before the Rapture

Grace Baptist Church of Victoria Jan 23, 2022 3. Paul warns then not to let anything deceive them, two things must occur for the Tribulation Period to begin (3)

2. The "day of the Lord" here refers to the Tribulation Period

- a. "The apostasy" must come first
 - 1) This apostasy will be the terrible one described in Rev 17 and
 - 18 which will not have the true Church to counteract it
 - 2) There will be a believing remnant on the earth during the
 - tribulation ["tribulation saints], but not the Church itself
 - - 3) The apostasy and the antichrist may both arise by slow stages,
 - but they will not be in power until after the Rapture b. The man of lawlessness must also come first
 - 1) This is the antichrist, here called "son of destruction"
 - 2) Antichrist opposes everything connected with God (4) 3) He will present himself in God's sanctuary to show that he is
 - God a) This occurs in tile middle of the 70th week
 - 4) All of this presupposes the rebuilding of the temple in Jerusalem

b) The "abomination of desolation" (Mt 24.15, Dan 9.27)

- 4. Paul taught all these things in his short stay with the disciples (5)
- Now there is a restrainer at work hindering lawlessness (6-7)
 - a. Most conservatives hot d that the "Restrainer" is the Holy Spirit
 - b. The mystery of lawlessness is already at work, but the removal of restraint, lawlessness really lets loose (7-9)
- c. It is possible that the restrainer is the Holy Spirit considered only as He works through the Church
- 6. The removal of the Restrainer reveals the lawless one [the antichrist], whose coming is according to the working of Satan with power and lying wonders (8-9)

New Testament Prophecy

Eschatological Teaching of the Epistles (2)

V. 1 Corinthians c. ad 54-55

the Lord Jesus Christ

A. 1 Cor 1.7-8

unto the end, blameless in the Day of our Lord Jesus — our "eternal security" rests in Christ alone

8. God will send the followers of antichrist a "deluding influence" that

1. Paul mentions that the Corinthians were waiting for the revelation of

Paul assures them that the Lord Jesus Christ will also confirm them

they might believe the lie (10-12, cf. Rev 14.9-11)

b. See Pentecost, Things to Come, pp. 332-334

a. "The Lie" is that antichrist is god

B. 1 Cor 3.8-151. God alone accomplishes the work in the Christian ministry, men are his agents, but the work is his (8-9)

2. Christ is the foundation of God's building, and every servant builds upon Him (9-11)a. God's servants will each receive a reward for his part in the labor (8)

b. The reward differs according to the value of the work (12-13)3. The work of the servants can be of two different kinds (12)a. Intrinsically valuable: gold, silver, precious stones

b. Intrinsically worthless: wood, hay, stubble4. The value of every servant's work will become manifest: revealed by fire (13)

a. The fire will test the work of each one to show what kind it is

b. Quality, not quantity is what is stressed5. If the work is valuable, the servant shall receive a reward (14)

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 b. All under judgement here are believers c. We believe this evaluation takes places the Judgment Seat of Christ

suffer loss, yet he himself will be saved yet so as through fire (15)

a. Note: this judgement cannot be the Great White Throne (Rev 20)

1) His critics, or any human court have no authority to judge his

- C. 1 Cor 4.1-5
- 1. The language of the passage is legal, and Paul is conscious of the criticism directed his way by partisans in the Corinthian church —
- this passage gives part of his response
 - - a. Christian workers are accountable for their work (2)
 - b. Nevertheless, they are accountable to any human court (3-4)

work

Christ himself

doesn't acquit him

the Christian workers service

- 2) Paul himself doesn't judge his own work 3) In his own judgement, he finds his work blameless — but this
- c. The only one qualified to judge God's workers is the Lord Jesus

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- 2. Therefore, we are not to pass judgement "before the time" (i.e. the judgement seat of Christ) 3. God will bring to light the hidden motives of the heart, the value of
- 4. Note: This has nothing to do with recognizing sin and compromise; believers have strict orders concerning this (2 Thess 3.6, Mt 7.15-20)
 - 1) If someone denies the faith in word or deed, that is an objective reason to cast him out of the church
 - 2) If someone compromises the moral standards of the Bible,
 - 5. When the Lord comes, everything will come to the light and receive adequate judgement (5)

they objectively disqualify themselves from the ministry

Grace Baptist Church of Victoria 220123b.NTP.Epistles2.docx Jan 23, 2022 1. Paul's detractors were great in words, but without power

New Testament Prophecy

Eschatological Teaching of the Epistles (2)

- 2. The kingdom of God is not in word but in power, and God's servants
- (like Paul) who follow God faithfully wield God's power in the ministry

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